Consolidated Financial Results for the Year Ended March 31, 2020 [Japanese GAAP]

Summary of Quick Financial Announcement of Consolidated Financial Information For the Year Ended March 31,2020

Company name: AUTOBACS SEVEN CO., LTD.

Code number: 9832

(URL https://www.autobacs.co.jp/)

Headquarters: Tokyo, Japan

Company Representative: Kiomi Kobayashi, Representative Director

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Telephone: +81-3-6219-8787 Stock exchange listing: Tokyo

Annual meeting of shareholders: June 23, 2020 Start of cash dividend payments: June 24, 2020

Submission of Annual Securities Report: June 24, 2020

Supplementary materials prepared: Yes

Financial results information meeting held: None

1. Results for the year ended March 31, 2020 (From April 1, 2019 to March 31, 2020)

(Note: Amounts less than 1 million Yen have been rounded down. A figure in () indicates a loss or a negative figure.)

(1) Results of operations:

(Unit: Millions of Yen except for per share information, and % information which indicates increase or decrease().)

	Net sales		Operating inc	come	Ordinary i	ncome
Fiscal year ended		%		%		%
March 31, 2020	221,400	3.5	7,585	1.4	8,059	(1.7)
Fiscal year ended						
March 31, 2019	213,840	0.7	7,478	(4.0)	8,203	(0.3)

Note: Comprehensive income:

2,599 million yen for the year ended March 31, 2020 : (43.0%)

4,563 million yen for the year ended March 31, 2019: (3.4%)

	Profit attributable to owners of parent	Basic net income per share (Yen)	Basic net income per share - diluted (Yen)
Fiscal year ended	%		
March 31, 2020	3,764 (31.4)	47.10	-
Fiscal year ended			
March 31, 2019	5,485 1.5	66.58	-

	Net income to shareholders' equity	Ordinary income to total assets	Operating income to net sales
Fiscal year ended	%	%	%
March 31, 2020	3.1	4.6	3.4
Fiscal year ended			
March 31, 2019	4.4	4.4	3.5

Reference: Equity income on a affiliates:

For the year ended March 31, 2020: 267million Yen For the year ended March 31, 2019: 365million Yen

(2) Financial position:

(Unit: Millions of Yen except for per share information)

			_	Net assets per
	Total assets	Total net assets	Equity ratio	share (Yen)
Fiscal year ended			%	
March 31, 2020	172,799	119,966	69.0	1,493.43
Fiscal year ended			%	
March 31, 2019	181,391	124,187	68,1	1,526.59

(Reference) Equity : For the year ended March 31, 2020:119,251 million Yen For the year ended March 31, 2019:123,582 million Yen

(3) Statements of cash flows:

(Unit: Millions of Yen)

	Operating activities	Investing activities	Financing activities	Ending balances of cash and cash equivalents
Fiscal year ended				
March 31, 2020	10,603	(3,370)	(9,684)	28,051
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2019	4,447	(3,078)	(9,876)	30,531

2.Dividends

	Dividends per share				(Yen)
	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Year-end	Full Year
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2019	-	30.00	-	30.00	60.00
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2020	-	30.00	-	30.00	60.00
Fiscal year ended March 31,2021 (forecast)	-	30.00	-	30.00	60.00
	Total Divide	ends Paid		D:	ividends
	(Full Y	ear)	Payout Ratio	paid/	Net Assets
	(Millions	of Yen)	(Consolidated)	(Cor	nsolidated)
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2019	4,90	05	90.1	%	3.9
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2020	4,79	3	127.4		4.0
Fiscal year ended March 31,2021 (forecast)			87.1		-

3. Forecast for the fiscal year ending March 2021(from April 1, 2020 to March 31, 2021)

(Unit: Millions of Yen, percentage figures denote year-on-year change)

	Net sales		Operating inco	ome	Ordinary inco	me
		%		%		%
Annual	223,800	1.1	7,600	0.2	8,100	0.5
	Profit attributak	ole to	Basic net inco	me		
	owners of par	ent	per share(Ye	n)		
		%				
Annual	5,500	46.1	68.88			

4.Other

- (1) Significant changes in subsidiaries during the year ended: None
- (2) Changes in accounting policies, accounting estimation change and restatement
 - 1. Changes due to changes in accounting standard
 - 2. Changes due to changes in accounting standard except (2)-1. : None
 - 3. Changes due to accounting estimation change : None
 - 4. Restatement : None

Note: For further details, please refer to "7. Notes on the consolidated financial statements", "Changes in Accounting Policy".

: Yes

- (3) Shares outstanding (common stock)
 - 1. Number of shares outstanding (including treasury stock)

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2020 :84,050,105 shares

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2019 :84,050,105 shares

2. Number of treasury stock at the end of period

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2020: 4,199,076 shares

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2019: 3,097,001 shares

3. Average shares outstanding over period

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2020: 79,918,140 shares

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2019: 82,385,019 shares

*These financial results are not subject to audit by certified public accountants or auditing firms.

*Statement regarding the proper use of financial forecasts and other special remarks

(Statement regarding the proper use of financial forecasts)

These forecast performance figures are based on the information currently available to the Company's management and certain assumptions judged rational. Accordingly, these might be cases in which actual results materially differ from forecasts of this report.

**Autobacs Seven Co., Ltd. planned to hold the Analysts Meeting in May. However, we have decided to cancel the Analysts Meeting, as a result of considering the health and security of analysts and investors based on the spread of COVID-19 coronavirus.

In addition, we plan to upload the materials related to the financial results explanation to our website.

- 5. Analysis of Business Results and Financial Position
- (1) Explanation of Business Results
- Business Results

During the consolidated fiscal year under review, the Japanese economy was brisk after an improvement in corporate performance as well as employment and income situations. However, its outlook was unclear, with a slide in consumer spending after the consumption tax rate increase and an impact of the COVID-19 coronavirus pandemic.

On the domestic front, the automotive-related industry during the period faced an uncertain outlook due to a reactionary plunge in demand following the rush demand ahead of the consumption tax hike in October 2019 and sales price increase announced by tire manufacturers. The number of used car registrations and the number of new vehicles sold were both lower than the previous fiscal year. Sales of automotive goods remained flat from the previous fiscal year, reflecting growing awareness of safe driving in society.

To respond to the dramatically changing business circumstances surrounding the Group in a dynamic and flexible manner, the Company newly formulated a Five-Year Rolling Plan 2019 to establish its direction for the next five years, starting in the consolidated fiscal year under review.

In particular, the Company will aim to establish and link six networks for offering services suited to the scenarios in which customer use cars with a view toward achieving medium- and long-term growth. The six networks are Multi-Dealer Network, Pit Service Network (to provide optimal services), Next-Generation Maintenance Network (to respond to next-generation technologies), AUTOBACS Chain Network, Overseas Alliance Network, and Online Network (to enhance relationships with customers).

For the consolidated fiscal year under review, the Company focused its efforts on the establishment of these six networks and the linkage between them while working also on construction of business foundations. In the Domestic AUTOBACS Business, the Company's effort include the optimization of management resources, the retail revenue improvement, the revision of experimental stores and the reconstruction of IT infrastructure and distribution. In the Overseas Business, the Company contracted its unprofitable retail business and expanded the profitable wholesale business.

Consolidated profit and loss results are as follows.

[Net sales and gross profit]

The Group's consolidated sales during the fiscal year under review increased by 3.5% year on year, to 221,400 million yen, and gross profit rose by 4.7% year on year, to 70,746 million yen.

[Selling, general, and administrative expenses and operating income]

Selling, general, and administrative expenses increased by 5.1% year on year, to 63,160 million yen, resulting in operating income of 7,585 million yen, an increase of 1.4% from a year earlier.

Personnel and other expenses rose after the Group took over of a member company of the AUTOBACS franchise chain in Japan and an operating company that engaged in vehicle inspections and maintenance services. In addition, information processing expenses also surged for strengthening the information infrastructure and for responding to the change in the Japanese imperial era and the consumption tax hike.

[Non-operating income, non-operating expenses, and ordinary income]

Non-operating income climbed by 1.4% year on year, to 2,424 million yen. Non-operating expenses increased by 17.1% year on year, to 1,950 million yen.

Consequently, ordinary income fell by 1.7% year on year, to 8,059 million yen.

[Extraordinary income and loss]

Extraordinary income included a gain on step acquisition of 93 million yen after the reorganization of an equity-method affiliate into a subsidiary. Extraordinary losses stood at 2,248 million yen, including an impairment loss of non-current assets worth 1,950 million yen.

[Income taxes]

Income taxes decreased by 205 million ven from the previous fiscal year, to 2.083 million ven.

[Profit attributable to owners of parent]

Profit attributable to owners of parent decreased by 31.4% year on year, to 3,764 million yen. Net income per share stood at 47.10 yen. The ratio of net income to net sales fell from 2.6% in the previous fiscal year to 1.7%, and return on equity (ROE) decreased from 4.4% in the previous fiscal year to 3.1%.

The results by business segment are as described below.

[Domestic AUTOBACS Business]

Net sales in this segment increased by 0.2% year on year to 179,377 million yen, due in part to the acquisition of shares of a member corporation of the AUTOBACS franchise chain to make it into one of the Company's consolidated subsidiaries in the consolidated fiscal year under review as well as in the preceding consolidated fiscal year. Gross profit rose by 1.8% year on year to 56,420 million yen, following an increase in consolidated subsidiaries. Selling, general and administrative expenses surged by 5.6% year on year to 42,848 million yen, reflecting growing expenses for store renovations and for sales promotion as well as an increase in consolidated subsidiaries. As a result, segment profit dropped by 8.7% year on year to 13,572 million yen.

For the fiscal year under review, total sales for the domestic AUTOBACS chain (including franchise stores) decreased by 0.2% year on year, both on a same-store basis and on an overall-store basis.

At domestic AUTOBACS chain stores, sales were buoyant with mounting awareness of safe driving and rush demand before the consumption tax hike in October 2019. After the consumption tax increase, sales turned very poor due to a reactionary plunge in demand and record-breaking warmth in winter. The Company took steps to boost sales with active sales promotion activities, such as the 45th Anniversary Sale. However, performance in the fourth quarter was hit by people staying at home in

response to the spread of COVID-19.

Rush demand for tires occurred due to the impact of the retail price hikes implemented in the wake of price increases for products supplied by tire manufacturers at the time of the consumption tax hike. In and after December 2019, the temperature was high in the eastern and western parts of Japan and snowfall was record low on the Sea of Japan coast. That resulted in poorer sales of snow tires than in the previous fiscal year.

In the area of car electronics, sales of dashboard cameras remained strong, reflecting the introduction of an extensive lineup of high-end models, including those with dual cameras or 360-degree panoramic view cameras, in response to tailgating incidents reported since August 2019, along with the rise in safety awareness among customers on driving. In addition, the Pedal Watcher, a device that prevents accidents caused by errors in the use of the accelerator and brake by a driver, continued to attract customers' attention, as the Tokyo Metropolitan Government and other administrative authorities included it in the list of items eligible for subsidies.

Moreover, the Company expanded the merchandise lines of its private brand AQ. (Autobacs Quality.) and its brands that inspire car-related lifestyles, JKM and GORDON MILLER, improving the appeal of its merchandise. Meanwhile, it has been continuously bolstering operations at its stores and proceeding with hardware renovations, including sales floors and service pits.

In the statutory safety inspection and maintenance services, the Company selected AUTOBACS GUYS from among the mechanics actually working in stores. As representatives of professional and friendly staff, they were featured in its television commercials and in-store advertising activities. The Company enhanced its efforts by promoting reservations for the next statutory safety inspection and 15-minute acceptance inspection. However, the number of vehicles that underwent statutory safety inspection and maintenance services fell by 2.2%, to around 634,000, due partly to a downturn in the number of vehicles subject to statutory safety inspection that commenced in the third quarter.

In the automobile purchase and sales segment, the Company closed unprofitable stores, while focusing on and strengthening sales activities to achieve an increase in vehicle purchases. That led to buoyant B2B sales to automobile auctions. The total sales volume was up by 1.2% year on year, to approximately 31,500 units.

Under the JACK & MARIE brand, Japan's first car-oriented lifestyle shop, the Company opened JACK & MARIE Grandberry Park in Machida, Tokyo in November 2019, bringing the Company's total operation of real stores under this brand to five.

The total number of stores in operation in Japan stood at 585 as of the end of March 2020, after three stores were opened and 11 closed down during the period.

[Overseas Business]

The Group's overseas consolidated subsidiaries have applied IFRS 16 Leases from the beginning of this fiscal year, but the impact on profit and loss for the consolidated fiscal year under review is immaterial.

Sales for the Overseas Business increased by 4.8% year on year, to 11,756 million yen, and the segment loss was 360 million yen (as opposed to segment loss of 783 million yen in the preceding fiscal year.)

In the overseas regions where the Group operates, especially in France, the spread of COVID-19 has been affecting the business operations since the fourth quarter.

The retail and service business in Thailand enjoyed a year-on-year increase in sales thanks to the opening of a small store in the PTG Group's gas station mall in November 2019, along with a new store previously opened in April of the same year. In France, sales dropped due to the spread of COVID-19 infection in addition to the store transfer. The Company acquired shares in SK AUTOMOBILE Pte. Ltd, a company operating a body repair, painting and maintenance factory in Singapore, in November 2019, and SK AUTOMOBILE Pte. Ltd became a consolidated subsidiary of the Company.

In the wholesale business, sales grew steadily, mainly supported by engine oil made in Japan for overseas markets, and the Company is pursuing initiatives to expand sales channels for the future. Sales increased in the Group's business in China, buoyed by a significant rise in the wholesale volume there. In October 2019, AUTOBACS made additional investments into the CarHouse Group, aiming to expand its wholesale business and enhance collaboration for manufacturing of private brand products in China. Consequently, the CarHouse Group became an equity-method company of AUTOBACS. In Singapore, introduction of wholesale for private brand (PB) goods such as windshield wipers have increased mainly for convenience stores and hypermarkets, and efforts on BtoB and online sales were also implemented. In Australia, the Company endeavored to increase earnings in the Group's overseas wholesale business by way of AudioXtra Pty Ltd., a company that became a consolidated subsidiary in October 2018.

As a result of three stores opening and four stores closure, the total number of overseas stores stood at 45.

[Car Dealership, BtoB and Internet Business]

Sales for the Car Dealership, BtoB and Internet Business increased by 28.2% year on year, to 38,482 million yen, and the segment profit was 54 million yen (as opposed to 1,076 million yen segment loss in the preceding fiscal year).

In the imported car dealer business, in April 2019 the Company established AUTOBACS DEALER GROUP HOLDINGS Co., Ltd., which manages the imported car dealership business, to bolster its management system and further increase earnings. The Company took steps to strengthen the sales system of each sales base, while bolstering services, in addition to boosting sales of new and used cars.

In the BtoB business, the Company made Seiwa Automobile Sales Co., Ltd., which is engaged in statutory safety inspection and maintenance for automobiles and in body work and painting and other businesses in Shiga Prefecture, a wholly owned subsidiary in June 2019, as part of establishing network with automobile maintenance service operators in order to push ahead with profit expansion. Sales and profit improved at CAP Style Co., Ltd., which was established through integration of two wholesalers of automotive and other goods in the previous fiscal year, chiefly due to optimization of sales activities. In the fleet business, an area of increased focus for the Company in terms of aiming to capture corporate demand, the sales volume of driving safety support merchandise, including dashboard cameras, expanded along with the growth in transactions with nationwide operators.

In the Internet business, the Company worked on the renewal of its merchandise lineup and promotions, while aiming to expand sales through digital marketing initiatives on the strength of artificial intelligence technologies. In addition, the Company made preparations for updating its website in the next fiscal year.

[Other Business]

Sales in the other businesses decreased by 4.1% year on year, to 2,117 million yen, and the segment

profit declined by 4.2% year on year, to 410 million yen.

(2) Analysis of financial position

-Status of balance sheet items

[Current assets]

Current assets decreased by 9,630 million yen from those at the end of the previous fiscal year, to 98,227 million yen. While merchandise increased after the new consolidation of a subsidiary, accounts receivable – other dropped due chiefly to a decline in purchase rebates.

[Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets]

Property, plant, and equipment climbed by 1,034 million yen from the end of the previous fiscal year, to 42,124 million yen. It is due mainly to the posting of Right-of-use assets by applying the International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) 16 Leases.

Intangible assets increased by 819 million yen from the end of the previous fiscal year, to 6,856 million yen. It primarily reflects the generation of goodwill and software acquisition.

[Investments and other assets]

Investments and other assets decreased by 813 million yen from the end of the previous fiscal year, to 25,591 million yen. This decline resulted chiefly from reorganization into a subsidiary in business investment.

[Current liabilities]

Current liabilities fell by 8,272 million yen from the end of the previous fiscal year, to 36,131 million yen. It is attributable mainly to a decrease in notes and accounts payable – trade.

[Non-current liabilities]

Non-current liabilities increased by 3,901 million yen from the end of the previous fiscal year, to 16,701 million yen. It was primarily a result of an increase in lease obligations after an overseas subsidiary applied IFRS 16 Leases.

[Total net assets]

Total net assets decreased by 4,220 million yen from the end of the previous fiscal year, to 119,966 million yen. This was mainly attributable to a decrease as a result of the purchase of treasury shares.

[Total assets / Total liabilities and total net assets]

Total assets, or total liabilities and net assets, decreased by 8,591 million yen from the end of the previous fiscal year, to 172,799 million yen.

- Status of consolidated cash flows

Cash and cash equivalents (hereinafter referred to as "funds") as of the end of the consolidated fiscal year under review decreased by 2,480 million yen from the end of the preceding consolidated fiscal year to 28,051 million yen. This was due to an inflow of funds from operating activities at 10,603 million yen, an outflow of funds from investing activities at 3,370 million yen and an outflow of funds from financing activities at 9,684 million yen.

The status of each cash flow and major factors for increases and decreases are as follows:

Net cash provided by operating activities increased by 6,156 million yen year on year to 10,603 million yen, due primarily to impairment loss increasing by 1,735 million yen and income taxes paid decreasing by 3,196 million yen, despite profit before income taxes decreasing by 1,849 million yen.

Net cash used in investing activities increased by 292 million yen year on year to 3,370 million yen, attributable to proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets decreasing by 917 million yen, collection of loans receivable falling by 748 million yen and proceeds from sales and redemption of investment securities decreasing by 738 million yen, despite purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets decreasing by 1,188 million and purchase of shares of subsidiaries resulting in the change in scope of consolidation decreasing by 594 million yen.

Net cash used in financing activities decreased by 192 million yen year on year to 9,684 million yen, resulting from a purchase of treasury shares decreasing by 827 million yen, proceeds from long-term

loans payable increasing by 636 million yen and repayments of long-term loans payable decreasing by 582 million yen, despite a net increase in repayments of short-term loans borrowings growing by 1,468 million yen.

	As of March 31, 2019	As of March 31, 2020
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and deposits	30,679	28,233
Notes and accounts receivable - trade	25,159	21,963
Investments in leases	6,808	5,601
Merchandise	19,639	20,774
Short-term loans receivable	20	4
Accounts receivable - other	22,676	18,969
Income taxes receivable	365	3
Other	2,615	2,750
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(107)	(73)
Total current assets	107,857	98,227
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment		
Buildings and structures	41,417	41,937
Accumulated depreciation	(28,013)	(29,945)
Buildings and structures, net	13,404	11,991
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	7,304	7,616
Accumulated depreciation	(3,317)	(3,855)
Machinery, equipment and vehicles,	3,986	3,761
net		3,.31
Tools, furniture and fixtures	10,909	11,176
Accumulated depreciation	(9,211)	(9,812)
Tools, furniture and fixtures, net	1,698	1,363
Land	21,566	21,519
Leased assets	595	571
Accumulated depreciation	(194)	(222)
Leased assets, net	401	348
Right-of-use assets	_	3,219
Accumulated depreciation	-	(521)
Right-of-use assets, net	_	2,697
Construction in progress	33	441
Total property, plant and equipment	41,090	42,124
Intangible assets		·
Goodwill	1,344	1,880
Software	2,412	2,861
Other	2,279	2,114
Total intangible assets	6,036	6,856
Investments and other assets	,	,
Investment securities	7,708	6,658
Long-term loans receivable	3	0
Deferred tax assets	3,952	4,632
Guarantee deposits	13,731	13,324
Other	1,039	1,210
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(30)	(234)
Total investments and other assets	26,405	25,591
Total non-current assets	73,533	74,572
Total assets	·	
Total assets	181,391	172,799

	As of March 31, 2019	As of March 31, 2020
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Notes and accounts payable - trade	21,298	12,438
Short-term borrowings	2,412	1,880
Lease obligations	159	654
Accounts payable - other	13,564	13,92'
Income taxes payable	757	1,31
Provision for point card certificates	72	_
Other _	6,139	5,922
Total current liabilities	44,404	36,133
Non-current liabilities		
Long-term borrowings	1,300	933
Lease obligations	1,120	3,838
Deferred tax liabilities	414	38'
Provision for retirement benefits for	9.4	4:
directors (and other officers)	34	4.
Retirement benefit liability	1,479	3,23
Asset retirement obligations	2,184	2,232
Other	6,266	6,032
Total non-current liabilities	12,799	16,70
Total liabilities	57,203	52,833
Net assets		<u> </u>
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	33,998	33,99
Capital surplus	34,298	34,29
Retained earnings	60,172	59,110
Treasury shares	(5,689)	(7,771
Total shareholders' equity	122,780	119,63
Accumulated other comprehensive income		,
Valuation difference on available-for-sale		
securities	1,462	1,550
Foreign currency translation adjustment	381	(16
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(1,042)	(1,917
Total accumulated other comprehensive	,	
income	801	(383
Non-controlling interests	604	71-
Total net assets	124,187	119,96

	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2019	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2020
Net sales	213,840	221,400
Cost of sales	146,259	150,653
Gross profit	67,581	70,746
Selling, general and administrative expenses	60,102	63,160
Operating profit	7,478	7,585
Non-operating income	- 7	.,
Interest income	63	63
Dividend income	78	65
Share of profit of entities accounted for using equity method	365	267
Commission income	62	59
Lease revenue-system equipment	733	724
Insurance claim income	158	114
Other	927	1,128
Total non-operating income	2,390	2,424
Non-operating expenses		
Interest expenses	27	74
Lease cost-system equipment	805	790
Loss on retirement of non-current assets	103	91
Other	729	993
Total non-operating expenses	1,665	1,950
Ordinary profit	8,203	8,059
Extraordinary income		
Gain on sales of investment securities	474	_
Insurance claim income	929	_
Gain on step acquisitions	-	93
Total extraordinary income	1,403	93
Extraordinary losses		
Impairment loss	215	1,950
Amortization of goodwill	190	_
Extra retirement payments	272	_
Loss on retirement of non-current assets	-	155
Loss on disaster	973	_
Voluntary product recall-related loss	_	141
Loss on arrangement of stores	201	
Total extraordinary losses	1,852	2,248
Profit before income taxes	7,754	5,905
Income taxes - current	1,944	2,321
Income taxes - deferred	345	(238)
Total income taxes	2,289	2,083
Profit	5,464	3,821
Profit attributable to		
Profit attributable to owners of parent	5,485	3,764
Profit (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests	(20)	57

(Millions of yen))

	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2019	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2020
Other comprehensive income		
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	(458)	103
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(87)	(395)
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans, net of tax	(349)	(875)
Share of other comprehensive income of entities accounted for using equity method	(5)	(55)
Total other comprehensive income	(901)	(1,222)
Comprehensive income	4,563	2,599
Comprehensive income attributable to		
Comprehensive income attributable to owners of parent	4,583	2,578
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	(20)	20

(3)Consolidated Statement of Changes in equity Fiscal year ended March 31,2019

(Millions of yen)

			Shareholders' equity		
	Share capital	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury shares	Total shareholders' equity
Balance at beginning of period	33,998	34,298	59,639	(2,773)	125,163
Changes during period					
Dividends of surplus			(4,952)		(4,952)
Profit attributable to owners of parent			5,485		5,485
Purchase of treasury shares				(2,916)	(2,916)
Disposal of treasury shares		0		0	0
Change in treasury shares arising from change in equity in entities accounted for using equity method				0	0
Net changes in items other than shareholders' equity					
Total changes during period	_	0	532	(2,915)	(2,383)
Balance at end of period	33,998	34,298	60,172	(5,689)	122,780

	Acc	cumulated other c	omprehensive inco	ome		
	Valuation difference on available-for -sale securities	Foreign currency translation adjustment	Remeasureme nts of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other comprehensi ve income	Non-controllin g interests	Total net assets
Balance at beginning of period	1,924	470	(692)	1,703	486	127,352
Changes during period						
Dividends of surplus						(4,952)
Profit attributable to owners of parent						5,485
Purchase of treasury shares						(2,916)
Disposal of treasury shares						0
Change in treasury shares arising from change in equity in entities accounted for using equity method						0
Net changes in items other than shareholders' equity	(462)	(89)	(349)	(901)	118	(782)
Total changes during period	(462)	(89)	(349)	(901)	118	(3,165)
Balance at end of period	1,462	381	(1,042)	801	604	124,187

Fiscal year ended March 31,2020

(Millions of yen)

			Shareholders' equity		•
	Share capital	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury shares	Total shareholders' equity
Balance at beginning of period	33,998	34,298	60,172	(5,689)	122,780
Changes during period					
Dividends of surplus			(4,826)		(4,826)
Profit attributable to owners of parent			3,764		3,764
Purchase of treasury shares				(2,091)	(2,091)
Disposal of treasury shares			(0)	9	9
Change in treasury shares arising from change in equity in entities accounted for using equity method				0	0
Change in ownership interest of parent due to transactions with non-controlling interests		(0)			(0)
Net changes in items other than shareholders' equity					
Total changes during period		(0)	(1,062)	(2,082)	(3,144)
Balance at end of period	33,998	34,297	59,110	(7,771)	119,635

	Acc	cumulated other c	omprehensive inco	me		
	Valuation difference on available-for -sale securities	Foreign currency translation adjustment	Remeasureme nts of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other comprehensi ve income	Non-controllin g interests	Total net assets
Balance at beginning of period	1,462	381	(1,042)	801	604	124,187
Changes during period						
Dividends of surplus						(4,826)
Profit attributable to owners of parent						3,764
Purchase of treasury shares						(2,091)
Disposal of treasury shares						9
Change in treasury shares arising from change in equity in entities accounted for using equity method						0
Change in ownership interest of parent due to transactions with non-controlling interests						(0)
Net changes in items other than shareholders' equity	88	(398)	(875)	(1,185)	109	(1,075)
Total changes during period	88	(398)	(875)	(1,185)	109	(4,220)
Balance at end of period	1,550	(16)	(1,917)	(383)	714	119,966

	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2019	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2020
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit before income taxes	7,754	5,905
Depreciation	3,726	4,415
Impairment loss	215	1,950
Amortization of goodwill	319	250
Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts	(7)	(52)
Increase (decrease) in provision for		
retirement benefits for directors (and other officers)	(41)	_
Increase (decrease) in retirement benefit liability	(74)	326
Extra retirement payments	272	_
Interest and dividend income	(141)	(129)
Insurance claim income	(1,088)	(114)
Interest expenses	27	74
Share of loss (profit) of entities accounted for using equity method	(365)	(267)
Loss (gain) on sales and retirement of	96	249
non-current assets Loss (gain) on sales of investment securities	(485)	(0)
Loss (gain) on valuation of investment	(400)	16
securities		
Loss on disaster	973	-
Loss on arrangement of stores	201	(0.0)
Loss (gain) on step acquisitions	_	(93)
Voluntary product recall-related loss	(1,000)	141
Decrease (increase) in trade receivables	(1,002)	8,044
Decrease (increase) in investments in leases Decrease (increase) in inventories	1,268	1,066
	(2,513)	(138)
Increase (decrease) in trade payables Other, net	334 (37)	(9,500) (490)
Subtotal	9,435	
	9,455	11,654
Interest and dividends received Interest paid	(27)	$\frac{144}{(74)}$
Proceeds from insurance income	346	114
Extra retirement payments	(272)	114 —
Payments associated with disaster loss	(749)	_
Income taxes paid	(4,432)	(1,235)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	4,447	10,603

	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2019	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2020
Cash flows from investing activities		
Payments into time deposits	(146)	(113
Proceeds from withdrawal of time deposits	16	279
Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(4,618)	(3,429
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	1,484	56'
Purchase of investment securities	(0)	_
Proceeds from sales and redemption of investment securities	742	
Payments for acquisition of businesses	(109)	_
Purchase of shares of subsidiaries resulting in change in scope of consolidation	(1,171)	(577
Proceeds from purchase of shares of subsidiaries resulting in change in scope of consolidation	_	38
Purchase of shares of subsidiaries and associates	_	(618
Loan advances	(0)	-
Collection of loans receivable	761	1
Payments of guarantee deposits	(905)	(278)
Proceeds from refund of guarantee deposits	974	32
Other, net	(104)	7
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(3,078)	(3,370
Cash flows from financing activities		
Net increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings	(839)	(2,308
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	_	63
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(1,123)	(540
Purchase of treasury shares	(2,916)	(2,088
Payments from changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in change in scope of consolidation		(:
Dividends paid	(4,952)	(4,827
Other, net	(44)	(55)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(9,876)	(9,684
Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents	(11)	(28
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(8,518)	(2,480
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	39,050	30,53
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	30,531	28,05

7. Notes on the consolidated financial statements

(Notes on the Going-concern Assumption)

Not applicable.

(Changes in Accounting Policy)

Overseas consolidated subsidiaries of Autobacs group have adopted IFRS 16 "Lease" since the beginning of the year ended March 31, 2020. Accordingly, lease transaction as lessee, assets and liabilities are recognized for all leases in principal.

In applying IFRS 16, overseas consolidated subsidiaries adopted the method that it recognizes the cumulative effects by adopting the standard on the adoption start date as permitted by way of transitional measures.

As a result, "Right-of-use assets" of Property, plant and equipment was increased by 4,122 million yen, "Lease obligations" of Current liabilities was increased by 537 million yen and "Lease obligations" of Non-current liabilities was increased by 3,585 million yen, respectively.

The impact on the consolidated profit and loss for the year ended March 31, 2020 is minimal.

8. Segment Information

(1)Outlines reportable segment

The reporting segments of Autobacs Seven Co., Ltd. (the "Company") are the components of the Company about which separate financial information is available. These segments are subject to periodic examination to enable the Company's Board of Directors to decide how to allocate resources and assess performance.

The companies are engaged in wholesale, retail sales and internet sales of automotive goods and services both in Japan and overseas; automobile purchase and sales; statutory safety inspection and maintenance services; imported car dealership. The companies also provide the AUTOBACS chain with store leasing service and credit related business. The Group has four reporting segments: "Domestic AUTOBACS Business," "Overseas Business," "Car Dealer, BtoB and Internet Business" and "Other Business."

"Domestic AUTOBACS Business" is engaged in whole sale of automotive goods such as Tires and Wheels, Car Electronics to its franchise companies in Japan. It also provides the AUTOBACS chain with store leasing service. Furthermore, it is engaged in sale and installation services of automotive goods, maintenance services, statutory safety inspection, automobile purchase from and sales to domestic customers.

"Overseas Business" is engaged in sale and installation services of automotive goods, maintenance services and operating a sheet metal painting to overseas customers. It also exports automotive goods to overseas franchise companies and other retail companies.

"Car Dealer, BtoB and Internet Business" is engaged in retail sale and service of imported car to domestic customers. It is also engaged in whole sale of automotive goods to domestic DIY stores. Moreover, it is engaged in providing automotive goods through the corporate site and the official app cooperated with real stores. It is engaged in statutory safety inspection, maintenance services and operating a sheet metal painting as well.

"Other Business" is engaged in credit related business, insurance agent, individual credit purchase mediation at franchise companies in Japan and issuing alliance card. It also provides the AUTOBACS chain with store equipment leasing service.

(2)Methods of measurement for the amounts of sales, profit (loss), assets and other items for each reportable segment

The accounting treatment methods for the Company's reporting segments have been prepared in accordance with accounting policies used for preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

(3)Segment sales ,income(loss),assets and others Fiscal year ended March 31, 2019

(Millions of yen)

		Rep	ortable segmen	ts			Per
	Domestic AUTOBACS Business	Overseas Business	Car dealer, BtoB and Internet business	Other	Reportable segments	Reconciling items	consolidated financial statements
Sales							
Revenues from external customers	177,802	10,927	23,451	1,659	213,840	-	213,840
Transactions with other segments	1,258	290	6,577	548	8,674	(8,674)	-
Net sales	179,060	11,217	30,028	2,207	222,514	(8,674)	213,840
Operating profit (loss)	14,869	(783)	(1,076)	428	13,437	(5,958)	7,478
Assets	104,136	8,870	17,704	24,154	154,866	26,524	181,391
Other items							
Depreciation	2,761	305	245	31	3,343	180	3,523
Amortization of goodwill	-	86	43	-	129	-	129
Amortization of goodwill (Extraordinary loss)	-	-	190	-	190	-	190
Investments in entities accounted for using equity method	1,982	472	1,950	-	4,405	67	4,472
Increase in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	3,250	339	496	10	4,096	522	4,618

Notes:

- 1. The details of "Reconciling items" are as follows:
- (1) The amount (5,958) million yen of "Reconciling items" of Operating profit (loss) is the corporate administrative expense which is not allocable to each reportable segment.
- (2) The amount 26,524 million yen of "Reconciling items" of Assets is the corporate administrative assets such as cash and deposits which are not belong to each reportable segment.
- (3) At Other items, the amount 180 million yen of "Reconciling items" of Depreciation is the depreciation for the corporate administrative assets. The amount 67 million yen of "Reconciling items" of Investments in entities accounted for using equity method is the investment amount to the affiliated company which is not belong to each reportable segment, the amount 522 million yen of "Reconciling items" of Increase in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets is the mainly amount of capital investment for the corporate administrative assets.
- 2. Operating profit (loss) corresponds to Operating profit in the Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income.

(Millions of yen)

		Rep	ortable segmen	ts			Per
	Domestic AUTOBACS Business	Overseas Business	Car dealer, BtoB and Internet business	Other	Reportable segments	Reconciling items	consolidated financial statements
Sales							
Revenues from external customers	178,110	11,490	30,180	1,618	221,400	-	221,400
Transactions with other segments	1,266	265	8,301	499	10,333	(10,333)	-
Net sales	179,377	11,756	38,482	2,117	231,733	(10,333)	221,400
Operating profit (loss)	13,572	(360)	54	410	13,677	(6,091)	7,585
Assets	93,420	12,353	17,672	24,048	147,495	25,303	172,799
Other items							
Depreciation	2,781	868	288	9	3,947	281	4,229
Amortization of goodwill	58	105	87	-	250	-	250
Investments in entities accounted for using equity method	2,153	1,590	-	-	3,744	77	3,822
Increase in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	1,721	186	809	162	2,880	549	3,429

Notes:

- 1. The details of "Reconciling items" are as follows:
- (1) The amount (6,091) million yen of "Reconciling items" of Operating profit (loss) is the corporate administrative expense which is not allocable to each reportable segment.
- (2) The amount 25,303 million yen of "Reconciling items" of Assets is the corporate administrative assets such as cash and deposits which are not belong to each reportable segment.
- (3) At Other items, the amount 281 million yen of "Reconciling items" of Depreciation is the depreciation for the corporate administrative assets. The amount 77 million yen of "Reconciling items" of Investments in entities accounted for using equity method is the investment amount to the affiliated company which is not belong to each reportable segment, the amount 549 million yen of "Reconciling items" of Increase in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets is the mainly amount of capital investment for the corporate administrative assets.
- 2. Operating profit (loss) corresponds to Operating profit in the Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income.

(4) Impairment loss by reportable segment

Fiscal year ended March 31,2019

(Millions of yen)

		Rep	ortable segment	cs		Unallocated	Per
	Domestic AUTOBACS Business	Overseas Business	Car dealer, BtoB and Internet business	Other	Reportable segments	amounts and elimination	consolidated financial statements
Impairment loss	42	_	172	_	215	_	215

Fiscal year ended March 31,2020

(Millions of yen)

		Rep	ortable segment		Unallocated	Per	
	Domestic AUTOBACS Business	Overseas Business	Car dealer, BtoB and Internet business	Other	Reportable segments	amounts and elimination	consolidated financial statements
Impairment loss	754	994	201	_	1,950	_	1,950

(5) Amortization and balance of goodwill by reportable segment

Fiscal year ended March 31,2019

(Millions of yen)

Reportable segments						Unallocated	Per
	Domestic AUTOBACS Business	BACS Overseas BtoB and Internet	Other	Reportable segments	amounts and elimination	consolidated financial statements	
Amortization of goodwill	_	86	233	ı	319		319
Goodwill	217	939	188	_	1,344	_	1,344

Note: 190 million yen of Amortization of goodwill (Extraordinary loss) is inclued at Amortization of goodwill of Car dealer, BtoB and Internet business.

Fiscal year ended March 31,2020

(Millions of yen)

	Reportable segments					Unallocated	Per
	Domestic AUTOBACS Business	Overseas Business	Car dealer, BtoB and Internet business	Other	Reportable segments	amounts and elimination	consolidated financial statements
Amortization of goodwill	58	105	87	_	250	_	250
Goodwill	451	972	456	_	1,880	_	1,880